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SOURCE Sotsialisticheskoye Zemledeliye.USSR WEATHER AND CROP INFORMATION, 17 - 24 SEPTEMBER 195219 September 1952

On 18 September, it became much warmer in most of the USSR. Masses of cold air shifted from the central regions to the Urals and the western regions of Siberia and Kazakh SSR.

Noon temperatures were 4 degrees [all degrees are given in centigrade] above zero in Ufa and Chkalov, 6 in Kirov, and 7 in Sverdlovsk. Daytime temperatures were 10 degrees above zero in Arkhangel'sk, 12 in Vologda, Gor'kiy, and Minsk, 13 in Leningrad, 14 in Riga, 15 in Tambov, Voronezh, and Saratov, 16 in Moscow, Stalingrad, and Rostov on the Don, 17 in Voroshilovgrad, 18 in Dnepropetrovsk, 19 in Simferopol' and Krasnodar, and 20 in Yerevan.

On 17 September, quite heavy rains fell in Georgia, Groznenskaya Oblast, and the Urals. Light rains fell in most of the northern and central regions of the European USSR. During the first 12 hours of 18 September, rains fell only in the Urals and locally in the northeastern regions.

In Western Siberia, cool weather was accompanied by heavy rains and strong winds. Noon temperatures were 7 degrees above zero in Tobol'sk, 10 in Krasnoyarsk, and 13 in Omsk, Novosibirsk, and Barnaul. Warm weather prevailed in Eastern Siberia.

Very warm, dry weather with daytime temperatures ranging between 23 and 28 degrees was recorded in most of Kazakh SSR and Central Asia. It became cooler in the northern portion of Kazakh SSR. Daytime temperatures were 5 degrees above zero in Aktyubinsk, 13 in Akmolinsk, and 14 in Semipalatinsk.

20 September 1952

On 19 September, moderately warm, cloudy weather prevailed in most of the European USSR. Light rains fell locally in the western Ukraine, Belorussia, and the Baltic republics. It became much warmer in the Northern Caucasus, Crimea, and southern Ukraine.

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Noon temperatures were 26 degrees above zero in Krasnodar, 24 in Simferopol', Odessa, and Kishinev, 22 in Yerevan, 21 in Dnepropetrovsk, 20 in Voroshilovgrad and Rostov on the Don, 17 in L'vov, 16 in Voronezh, 15 in Tambov, Saratov, Kuybyshev, and Gor'kiy, 14 in Moscow, 13 in Minsk, Riga, and Leningrad, and 12 in Arkhangel'sk and Kazan'.

It was cold and rain fell in the Urals. Daytime temperatures were 9 degrees above zero in Chkalov and Kirov, and 5 in Sverdlovsk. On 18 September, heavy rains fell in the southern Urals, thoroughly moistening the soil. More than 24 millimeters of precipitation fell locally in a 24-hour period in Chelyabinskaya Oblast. On 18 September, light rains were also recorded in the Middle Volga Region, Baltic republics, Belorussia, and western Ukraine. During the first 12 hours of 19 September, the weather was dry in most of the central, southern, and southeastern regions of the European USSR.

Cool weather with rain prevailed in Western Siberia and Kazakh SSR. Daytime temperatures were 6 degrees above zero in Aktyubinsk and Akmolinsk, 8 in Omsk and Alma-Ata, 10 in Novosibirsk, and 12 in Semipalatinsk.

It became much cooler in Central Asia.

21 September 1952

On 20 September, moderately warm, rainy weather prevailed in the western and central regions of the European USSR. It was very warm and dry in the southern and eastern Ukraine, Crimea, Caucasus, and Lower Volga Region. It became much warmer in the central chernozem zone and the Middle Volga Region.

Noon temperatures were 27 degrees in Simferopol', 24 in Odessa, Dnepropetrovsk, and Rostov on the Don, 22 in Voroshilovgrad and Stalingrad, 21 in Kishinev, 19 in Saratov, Kuybyshev, and Kazan', 17 in Tambov, and 16 in Orel. Daytime temperatures were 14 degrees above zero in Gor'kiy, 12 in Chkalov, 11 in Moscow, 10 in Leningrad and Arkhangel'sk, 9 in Kirov, and 8 in Sverdlovsk.

On 19 September, heavy rains, totaling more than 10 millimeters of precipitation in a 24-hour period, fell locally in the western Ukraine and in Kurskaya Oblast. Light rains fell in Belorussia and the northwestern regions of the European USSR. During the first 12 hours of 20 September, heavy rains fell in the central regions and the western Ukraine.

Warm weather prevailing in the southern regions of the European USSR is favoring the growth of winter crops. Winter crops have entered the bushing stage in most areas of the Ukraine. The condition of sown crops is good.

Cold, rainy weather prevailed in Western Siberia. Daytime temperatures were 2 degrees above zero in Tobol'sk, and 6 degrees in Novosibirsk.

23 September 1952

On 22 September, comparatively warm weather prevailed in the Crimea and the Kuban. Temperatures at 1300 were 19 degrees above zero in Krasnodar, 21 in Simferopol', and 30 in Yerevan. It was cold in most of the European USSR. Daytime temperatures were around 15 degrees in the Ukraine, 12 in Kursk, Kuybyshev, and Chkalov, 11 in Minsk and Gor'kiy, 9 in Moscow, 7 in Leningrad, and 5 in Kirov.

On 21 September, rain fell in almost all the European USSR except the Ukraine and the Transcaucasus. More than 10-15 millimeters of precipitation fell in many areas, including the portion of the Volga Region, east of the river. During the day on 22 September, rain was observed in the Baltic republics and Leningradskaya, Novgorodskaya, Pskovskaya, and Velikolukskaya oblasts.

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Winter crops are developing normally everywhere. Crops sown prior to 10 September are sprouting. The earliest sown crops have entered the bushing stage; locally, they have already reached the three-leaf stage.

Cold weather prevailed in Western Siberia with daytime temperatures between 10 and 12 degrees. Rain fell in Omskaya Oblast. On 21 September, rain fell almost everywhere except the eastern Ural area. Conditions for the development of winter crops have improved considerably in the steppe regions, and they have been good in the rest of the territory up to the present.

Daytime temperatures in Central Asia ranged between 20 and 25 degrees.

24 September 1952

On 23 September, cool weather prevailed in the European USSR. During the night, frosts occurred in western Kazakh SSR, the Middle Volga Region, and also locally in the Lower Volga Region. During the morning, light rains fell in the Baltic republics, Belorussia, and some areas of the western central regions of the European USSR. Daytime temperatures were around 10 degrees above zero in the central and northern regions, 15-17 in the Ukraine and Lower Volga Region, and 20 degrees in the Crimea.

On 22 September, heavy rains fell in Stavropol'skiy Kray and Astrakhan-skaya Oblast, favoring the growth of winter crops and pasture grass. On 23 September, conditions almost everywhere were favorable for field work, especially for the harvest of potatoes and sugar beets.

On 22 September, rain fell almost everywhere in Siberia from the Urals to the Baykal region.

Dry weather with considerable variations in temperature prevailed in Kazakh SSR and Central Asia.

25 September 1952

On 24 September, cool but, for the most part, dry weather prevailed in the European USSR. During the morning, showers were observed in the southern portion of Belorussia, western Ukraine, and, locally, in the Volga Region west of the river. Morning temperatures were 5 degrees above zero almost everywhere except in the southeast, where they rose to 10 degrees.

During the day, considerable cloudiness was recorded. Temperatures at 1300 hours were 6 degrees above zero in Leningrad, 7 in Minsk, 8 in Kazan', 9 in Moscow, Orel, and Saratov, 10 in Kiev, and 15 in Kishinev, Dnepropetrovsk, Rostov on the Don, and Krasnodar.

Cool weather with daytime temperatures ranging between 12 and 14 degrees prevailed in Western Siberia. On 23 September, rains fell in Tyumenskaya, Omskaya, and Tomskaya oblasts. Little frost was observed. Winter crops are developing normally.

Mostly dry and comparatively warm weather prevailed in most of Kazakh SSR and Central Asia. Daytime temperatures were 20 degrees above zero in Alma-Ata, 22 in Tashkent and Dzhambul, 25 in Stalinabad, and 30 in Ashkhabad.

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